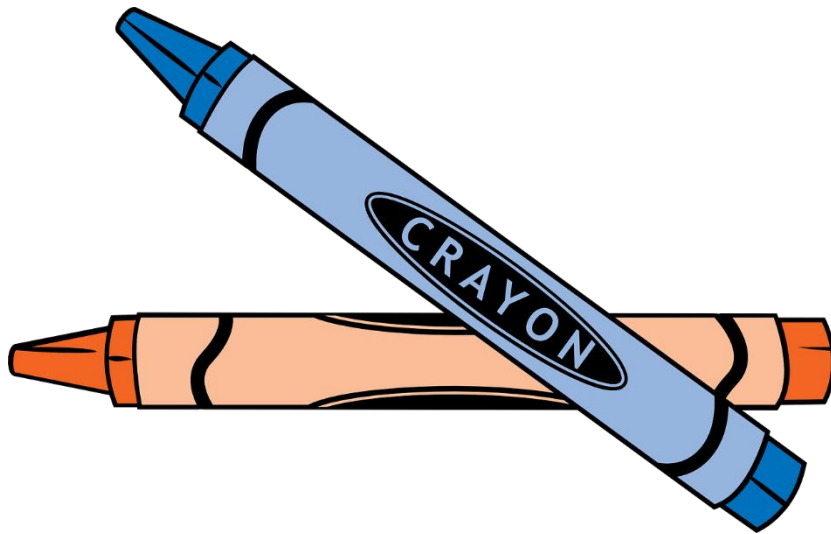


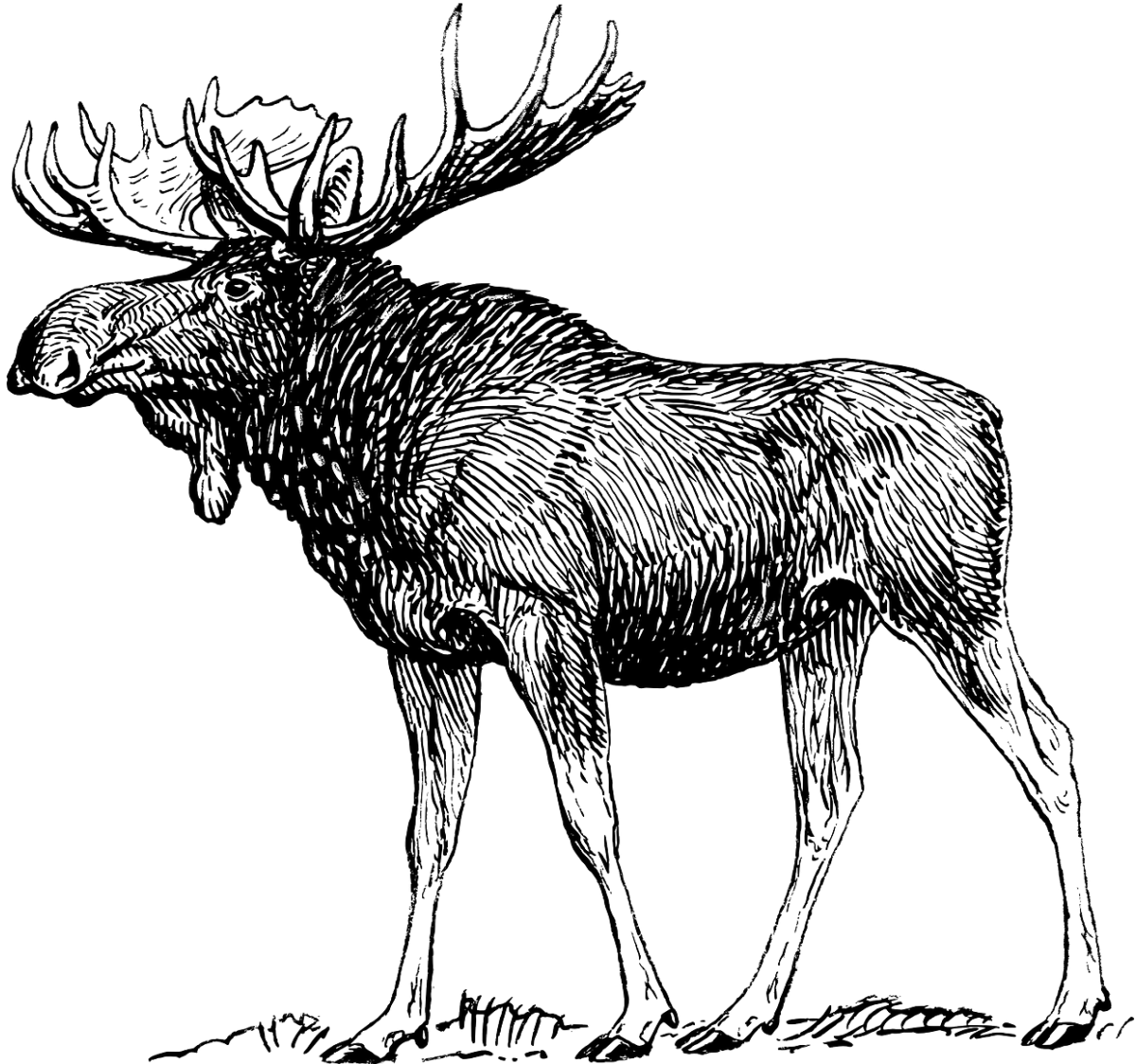


Alberta Mammals

Colouring Sheets & Fun Facts



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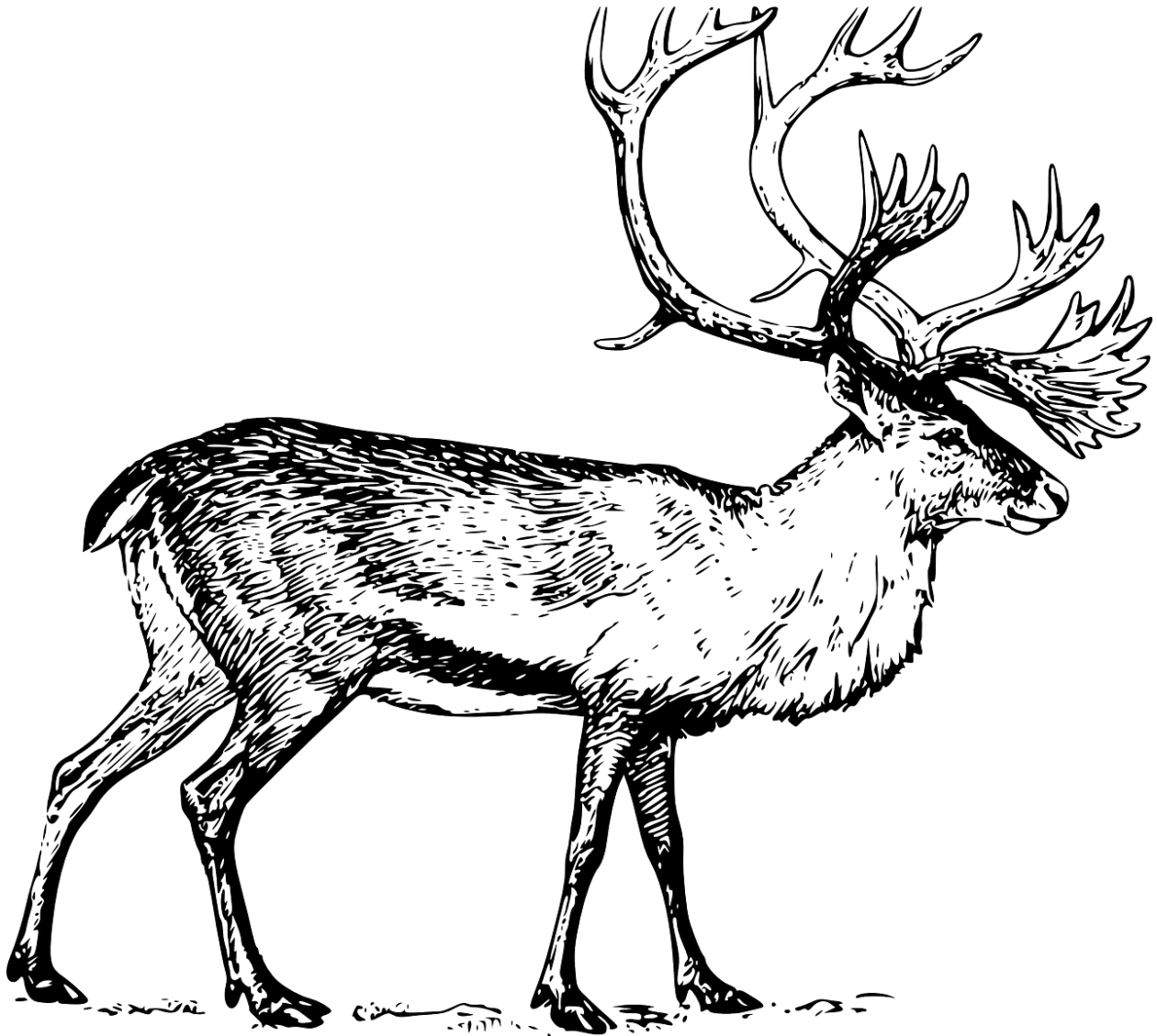
Moose

- Moose are the largest member of the Deer Family in the world.
- The Cree word for Moose is môswa (moo-swa), which also happens to be the name of EALT's Moose Mascot!
- Both males and females have a loose fold of skin hanging from their throats, called a dewlap or bell.



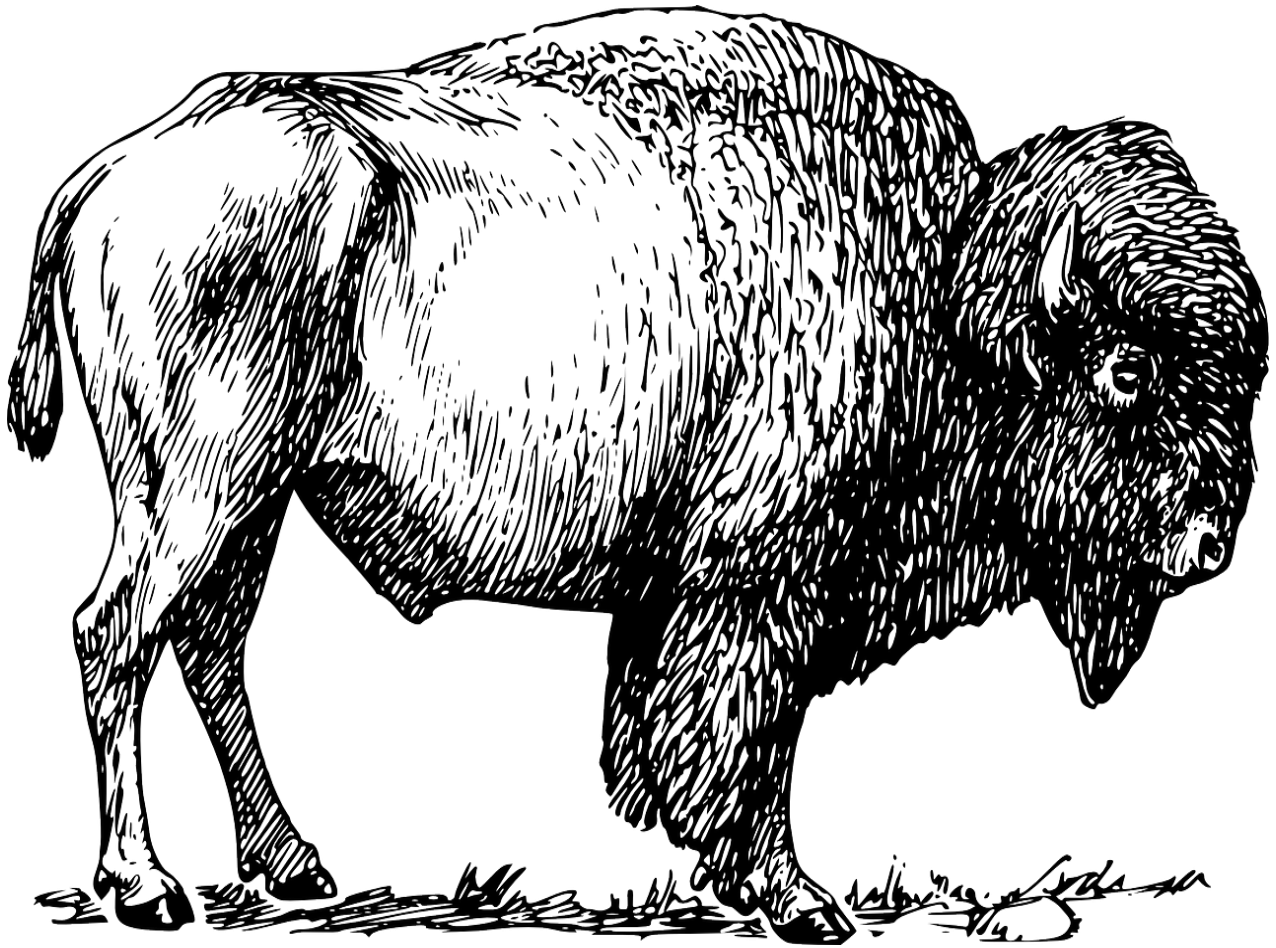
Beaver

- Beavers are North America's largest rodent!
- You can find Beavers anywhere there are 2 key ingredients: trees and water.
- Beaver families live in a dome-shaped lodge with underwater entrances. This is different from a dam, which they build to make the water deeper.



Woodland Caribou

- Woodland Caribou are a threatened species in Alberta, which means it is really important to save land that Caribou live on.
- Both male and female Caribou grow antlers!
- Lichen, the crusty yellow or green stuff that grows on the bark of trees, is the Caribou's favourite meal in the winter time.



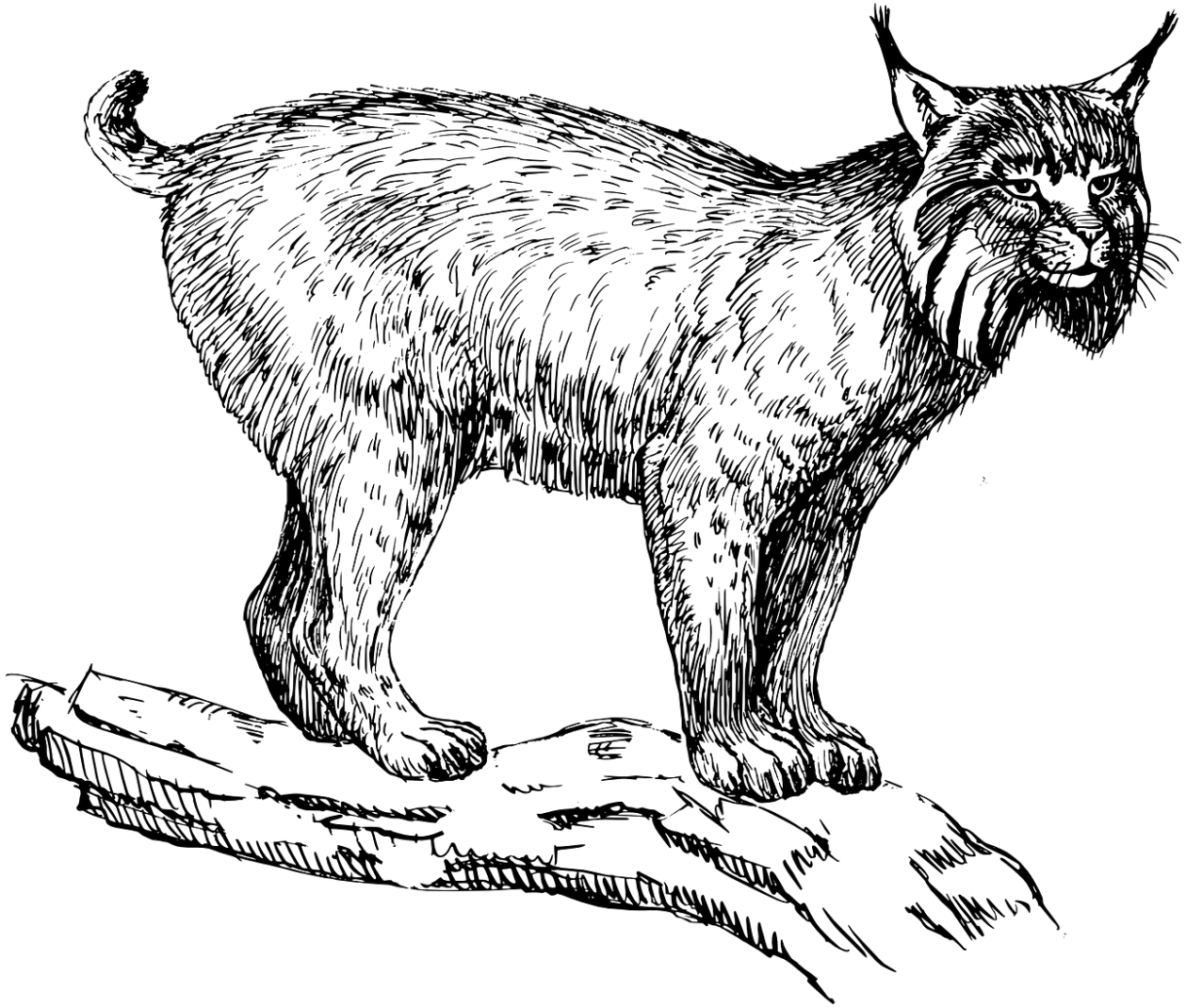
Bison

- Bison are the largest land mammal in North America!
- There are two subspecies of Bison: the Wood Bison and the Plains Bison.
- Wood Buffalo National Park in northeast Alberta is home to 3000 Wood Bison, and is the largest herd of wild Bison left in the world.



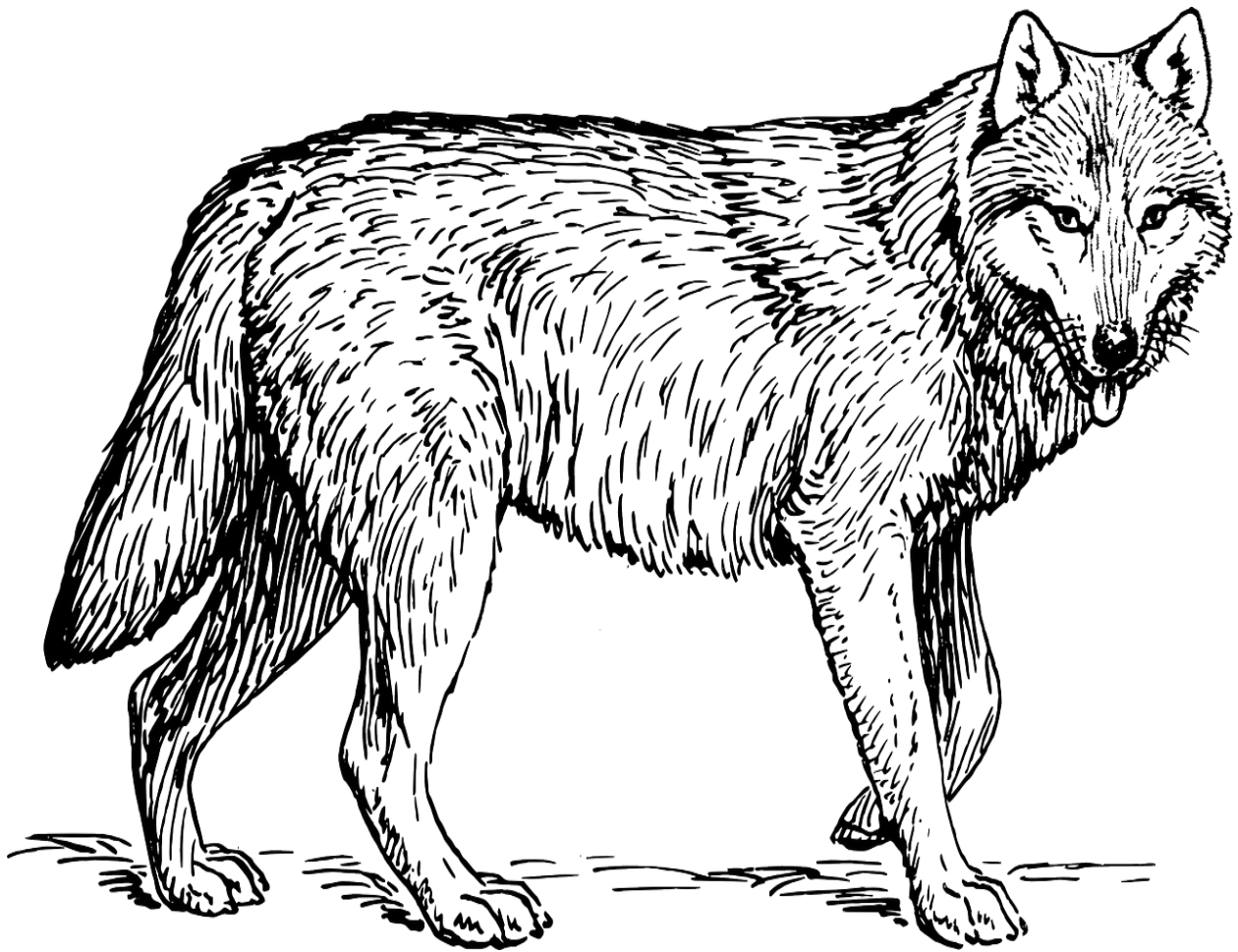
Porcupine

- Porcupines are completely vegetarian, which means they only eat leaves, sticks, and other plants. No meat!
- A baby Porcupine is called a porcupette.
- Porcupines cannot shoot quills! They make their quills stand up and swing their tail at predators. The quills then get stuck in the predator's skin.



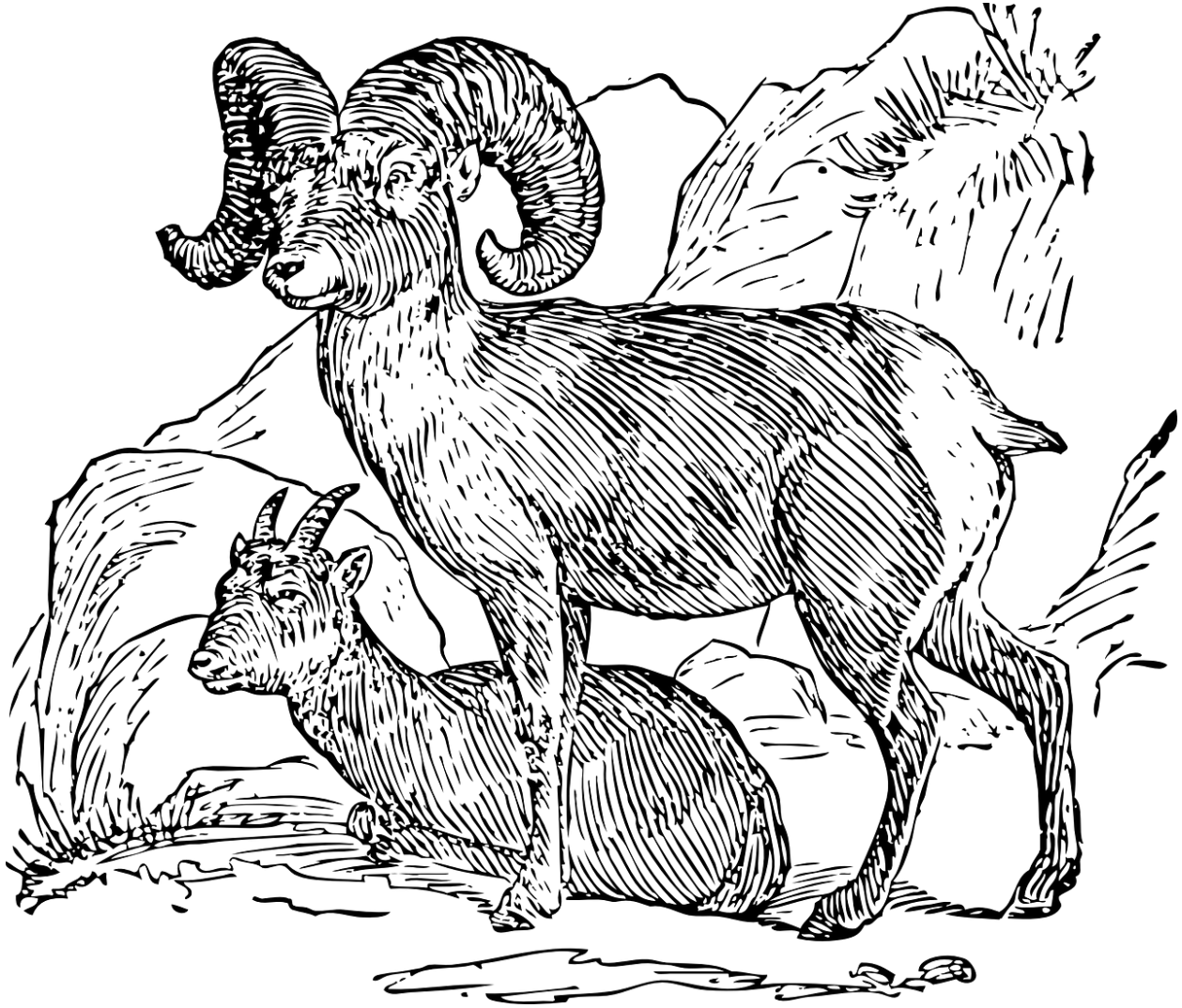
Canada Lynx

- Canada Lynx are one type of wild cat in Alberta. There are only two other types found here – Bobcats and Cougars.
- These large cats have very long, black tufts on the ends of their ears!
- Lynx look like very large house cats, but are not nearly as friendly. Lynx are quite dangerous, so if you see one, you should stay far away.



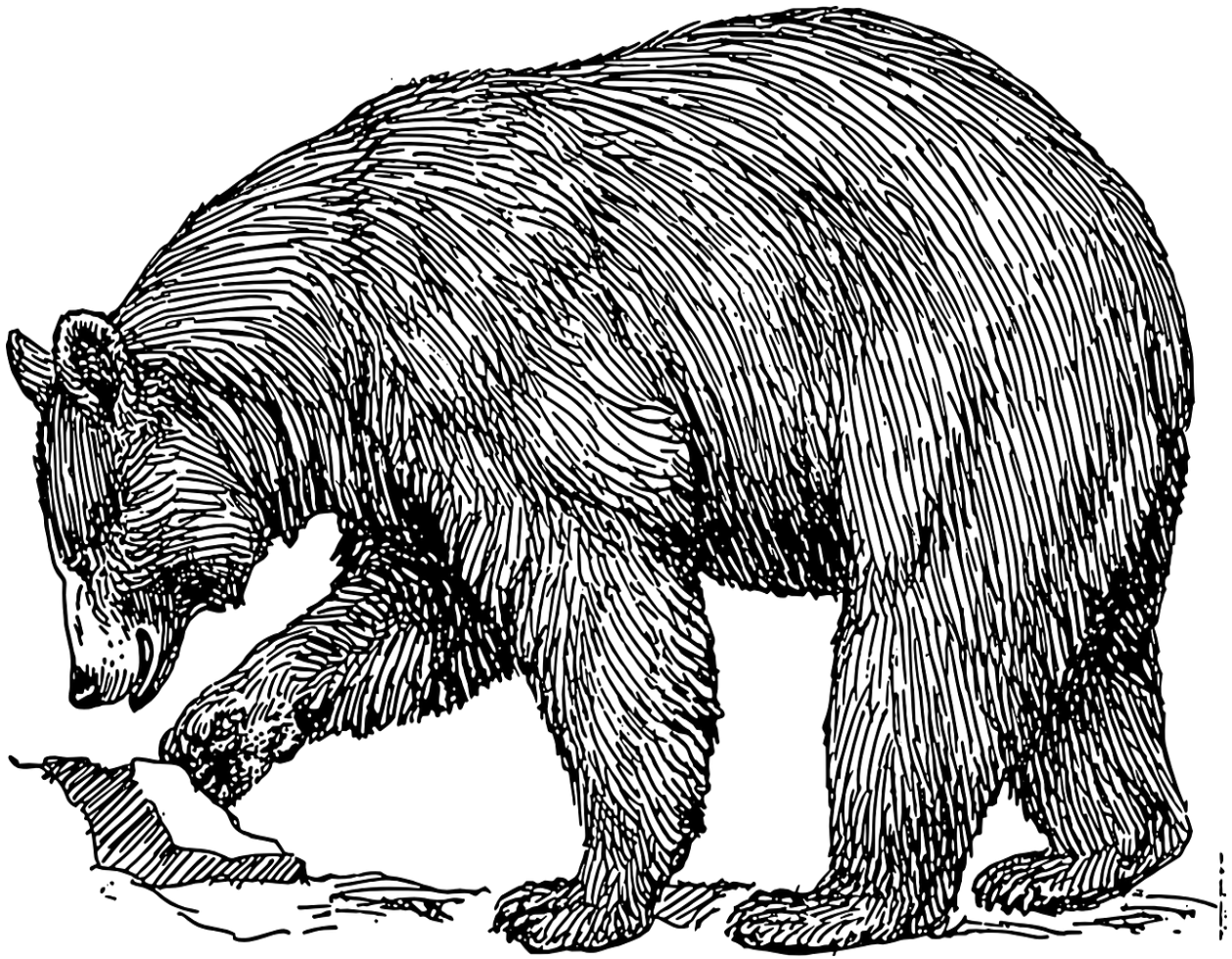
Grey Wolf

- Wolves howl to keep in touch with other Wolves that are far away.
- These large carnivores are found in forests across northern Alberta.
- Grey Wolves live and hunt in packs. This makes it easier for them to catch larger prey, and more of it.



Bighorn Sheep

- Bighorn Sheep are Alberta's provincial mammal!
- These mammals are mostly found in Alberta's mountain regions.
- You can tell how old a Bighorn Sheep is by looking at the number of ridges on its horns. The ridges are unique to each sheep, like people's fingerprints!



Black Bear

- Black Bears are found all across Canada, especially in forests and swamps.
- When Black Bears are preparing for hibernation, they eat over 20,000 calories per day. That's like eating 60 cheeseburgers in a day!
- Black Bears are omnivores, meaning they eat both plants and other animals.